



INDEPENDENTAUDITOR'SREPORT

To the Members of Union Trustee Company Private Limited

Report on the standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Union Trustee Company Private Limited ("the company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accountingpolicies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financialstatements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2023, the profit & its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Company Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Companies Act 2013 with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were

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operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operation or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit, We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i)
 of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company
 has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of
 such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's
 ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we
 are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the

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standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Lager and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, is not applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- a) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- b) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- c) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- d) On the basis of the written representation received from the directors as on 31stMarch 2023taken on record by the Board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31stMarch 2023 from being appointed as a directors in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- e) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operative effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 'A' and
- f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance withRule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014,in our opinion and to the best ofour information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as on 31stMarch 2023;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
- g) As required under section 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013, following are the observations on directions/sub-direction issued by the C&AG:
 - i) On the basis of the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of the documents and records produced before us, the company processes all the transaction through IT system i.e, SUN Accounting System. Further as per the policy of the Company there are no transaction which are processed outside IT system.
 - ii) During the year ended 31st March 2023 there are no cases either of restructuring of Loan nor waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. of the loan made by the lender to the company due to company's inability to repay the loan.
 - iii) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of documents and records produced before us, during the financial year ended 31stMarch 2023, the company has not received any fund under any specific schemes from thecentral/state agencies. Hence the said direction on accounting and utilization of such fund is not applicable.

For ASHRA & COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No: 100700W

N. J. ASHRA PARTNER

Neet J. Ashma

Membership No.: 103119

UDIN: 23103119 BGX ZRV3339

DATE: 25/4/2023 PLACE: MUMBAI





Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report of the even date

The annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the member of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023, we report that:

Report on the Internal Financial Control under clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Union Trustee Company Private Limited ('the Company') as of 31stMarch, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financialControls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the GuidanceNote on Audit of Internal Financial controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of chartered accountants of India'. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively forensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company'spolicies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls overfinancial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial reporting (the "GuidanceNote") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, bothissuedby the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Noterequire that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in allmaterial respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that amaterial weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectivenessof internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on theauditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of thestandalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to providea basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal financial controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to providereasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation offinancial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accountingprinciples. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes thosepolicies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of thecompany; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary topermit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally acceptedaccounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3)provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorizedacquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material Misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of anyevaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion,the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financialControl system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial Reporting were operating effectively as at 31stMarch,2023, based on "the internal control overfinancial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential componentsOf internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls overFinancial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

FRN NO. 100700W MUMBAI

For ASHRA & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No: 100700W

N. J. ASHRA

PARTNER

Membership No.: 103119

DATE: 25/4/2023 PLACE: MUMBAI COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF UNION TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The preparation of financial statements of Union Trustee Company Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 25 April 2023.

The assets under management through various schemes managed by Union Trustee Company Private Limited are not reflected in its Balance Sheet, since these assets do not form part of the Union Trustee Company Private Limited. Therefore, I do not look into operation of these schemes including decision making regarding acquisition, management and disposal of the assets managed by the Union Trustee Company Private Limited and express no opinion on the soundness of the investments.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have decided not to conduct the supplementary audit of the financial statements of Union Trustee Company Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2023 under section 143(6)(a) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

(Guljari Lal) Director General of Audit (Shipping), Mumbai

Place: Mumbai Date: 26.07.2023

17.

Union Trustee Company Private Limited CIN: U65923MH2009PTC198198

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

	Note No.	As at March 31, 2023 (Rs. in '000)	As at March 31, 2022 (Rs. in '000)	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Shareholders' Funds				
Share Capital	1	500.00	500.00	
Reserves and Surplus	2	2,305.38	1,278.09	
		2,805.38	1,778.09	
Non-Current Liabilities				
Other Long Term Liabilities	3	200.00	200.00	
	٠.	200.00	200.00	
		200100	200.00	
Current Liabilities				
Trade Payables	4	75.15	73.35	
Other Current Liabilities	5	80.71	148.49	
Short-term Provisions	6	143.00	-	
		298.86	221.84	
Total	-	3,304.24	2,199.93	
		3,304.24	2,199.93	
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets		-	, -	
Non-current Investments		-	-	
Current Assets				
Trade Receivables	7	450.01	450.01	
Cash and Bank Balances	8	2,714.38	1,259.26	
Short-term Loans and Advances	9	139.85	490.66	
	-	3,304.24	2,199.93	
Total	-	3,304.24	2,199.93	
	, · · · · · · · ·	3,304.24	2,199.93	

Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying Notes are an integral part of Financial Statements

12 to 23

For Ashra & Company

Chartered Accountants FRN: 100700W

CA Neeta J. Ashra

Partner

M.No.: 103119

Place: Mumbai Date: April 25, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Union Trustee Company Private Limited

K. Madhava Kumar

Director

DIN:00791168

M. Pushpangadan

Director

DIN:01657572

Dhara Thakar Company Secretary

ACS 63354

Rajkamal Tiwari





Union Trustee Company Private Limited CIN: U65923MH2009PTC198198

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

	Note No.	Year Ended March 31, 2023 (Rs. in '000)	Year Ended March 31, 2022 (Rs. in '000)	
Revenue From Operations Trustee Fees		5,000.00	5,000.00	
Other Income Interest Income		19.72	- -	
Total Income		5,019.72	5,000.00	
Expenses				
Employee Benefits Expenses Other Expenses	10 11	1,296.35 2,337.53	1,059.72 2,426.10	
Total Expenses		3,633.88	3,485.82	
Profit before tax		1,385.84	1,514.18	
Provision for Taxation - Current Year - Earlier Years		360.32 (1.77)	257.51 -	
Profit after tax		1,027.29	1,256.67	
Earnings per Share (Basic and Diluted)	17	20.55	25.13	
Significant Accounting Policies and accompany	ing 12 to 23			

Notes are an integral part of Financial Statements

12 to 23

For Ashra & Company

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 100700W

CA Neeta J. Ashra

Partner

M.No.: 103119

Place: Mumbai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Union Trustee Company Private Limited**

K. Madhava Kumar

Director

DIN:00791168

M. Pushpangadan

Director

DIN:01657572

Dhara Thakar Company Secretary

ACS 63354

Rajkamal Tiwari

Date: April 25, 2023





Union Trustee Company Private Limited CIN: U65923MH2009PTC198198

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

	Year Ended March 31, 2023 (Rs. in '000)	Year Ended March 31, 2022 (Rs. in '000)
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation Add / (Less) : Adjustment for	1,385.84	1,514.19
Interest Income Operating Profit before working capital changes	(19.72) 1,366.12	1,514.19
(Increase) / Decrease in Loans and Advances (Increase) / Decrease in Sundry Debtors Increase / (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	95.58 - 77.02	(60.85) (265.83) 110.44
Cash generated from / (used in) operations Income Tax Paid Interest Received on Income Tax Refund	1,538.72 (500.11) 19.72	1,297.95 (500.10)
Income Tax Refund Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	396.79 1,455.12	797.85
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash from investing activities		_
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,455.12	797.85
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the Year	1,259.26	461.41
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year	2,714.38	1,259.26

Note: The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'indirect Method' as set out in AS 3, 'Cash Flow Statements'.

As per our report of even date attached

For Ashra & Company Chartered Accountants

FRN: 100700W

CA Neeta J. Ashra

Partner M.No.: 103119

Place: Mumbai Date: April 25, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Union Trustee Company Private Limited

K. Madhava Kumar

Director

DIN:00791168

M. Pushpangadan

Director

DIN:01657572

Dhara Thakar

Company Secretary

ACS 63354

Rajkamal Tiwari





Union Trustee Company Private Limited CIN: U65923MH2009PTC198198

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

Note No	As at March 31, 2023 o. (Rs. in '000)	As at March 31, 2022 (Rs. in '000)	
1. Share Capital			
Authorised:			
50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	500.00	500.00	
Issued Subscribed and Paid up :			
50,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	500.00	500.00	
(Previous Year - 50,000 Equity Shares) Total		X	
	500.00	500.00	
Reconciliation of the number of equity shares of Rs. 10 each	h		
Shares at the beginning of the year Add: Additions during the year	50,000	50,000	
Shares at the end of the year	50,000	50,000	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		50,000	
Details of share holding more than 5% share : Equity Share holding by Union Bank of India			
(including 1 Share held by nominee shareholder - Mr. Chandra	50,000	50,000	
Prakash Srivastava (Previous Year - Mr. Sreenivasa Rao B.))	30,000	30,000	
% of holding	100%	100%	
Promoter shareholding - Union Bank of India			
Number of shares held	50,000	50,000	
% of Total Shares	100%	100%	
% Change during the year	Nil	Nil	
2. Reserve and Surplus			
Profit and Loss Account - Opening Balance	1,278.09	21.42	
Add: Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year Total	1,027.29	1,256.67	
Total	2,305.38	1,278.09	
3. Other Long Term Liabilities			
Trust Money Payable Total	200.00	200.00	
Total	200.00	200.00	
4. Trade Payables			
Trade Payables 19	75.15	73.35	
Total	75.15	73.35	
5. Other Current Liabilities			
Statutory dues payable(Net)	80.71	148.49	
Total	80.71	148.49	
5. Short Term Provisions		H.	
Provision for Variable Pay	143.00	_	
Total	143.00		
7. Trade Receivables		3	
Frade Receivables 21	450.01	450.01	
	TJU.U1	470.01	





Union Trustee Company Private Limited CIN: U65923MH2009PTC198198

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

Note No.	As at March 31, 2023 (Rs. in '000)	As at March 31, 2022 (Rs. in '000)	
8. Cash and Bank Balances			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Balance with Scheduled Banks :	4		
In Current Account	2,714.38	1,259.26	
Total	2,714.38	1,259.26	
9. Short-term Loans and Advances			
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise specified)			
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received		95.58	
Income Tax Paid (net of provisions)	139.85	395.08	
Total	139.85	490.66	
10. Employee Benefits Expenses			
Salary, Allowances and Bonus*	1,239.65	996.75	
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	(=	-	
Employee Insurance & Other Staff Welfare Expenses	56.70	62.97	
Total	1,296.35	1,059.72	
* include prior period expense of Rs. 149.04 thousands		-0	
11. Other Expense			
Office Rental Expenses	600.00	600.00	
Travelling Expenses	56.18	-	
Legal & Professional Fees	297.65	221.11	
Statutory Audit Fees	50.00	50.00	
Directors' Sitting Fees	1,280.00	1,520.00	
Sundry Expenses	53.70	34.99	
Total	2,337.53	2,426.10	





12. Company Overview

The Company's principal activity is to act as a Trustee Company for the various Funds to be launched by Union Mutual Fund on approval from Securities and Exchange Board of India. The Company has been incorporated on December 30, 2009.

13. Significant Accounting Polices

a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects with accounting principles generally accepted in India and the applicable Accounting Standards notified as prescribed under Section 133 of Companies Act 2013 and other relevant provisions of Companies Act, 2013. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires that the management of the Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of income and expenses of the year, the reported balances of assets and liabilities and the disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. Examples of such estimates include the useful life of the tangible and intangible assets, provision for doubtful debts/advances, future obligation in respect of retirement benefit plans etc. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Difference, if any, between the actual result and estimates is recognized in the year in which the results are known.

b) Revenue Recognition

Trustee Fees is recognized on accrual basis. Interest Income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.

c) Taxes on Income

Tax expense comprises both current and deferred tax at the applicable enacted or substantively enacted rates. Current tax represents the amount of income tax payable/recoverable in respect of the taxable income/loss for the reporting period. Deferred tax represents the effect of timing difference between taxable income and accounting income for the reporting period that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred Tax is accounted using tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted. Deferred tax asset is recognized and carried forward only to the extent there is a reasonable certainty that the asset will be realized in future.





d) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit/(loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, call deposits and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

f) Provisions

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

g) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent Liability is a possible obligation that arises from past event whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that us on recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability may also arise in an extremely rare case where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognizes the contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statement.

h) Employee Benefit Expenses

- (i) Salary, Allowances and Bonus is charged to profit and loss on accrual basis.
- (ii) Contribution to Provident and Other Funds Company do not make any contribution to provident fund and any other fund as Company has only one employee.





- 14. Expenditure in Foreign Currency Rs. Nil (March 31, 2022 Rs. Nil)
- **15.** Earnings in Foreign Currency Rs. Nil (March 31, 2022 Rs. Nil)
- 16. Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments Rs. Nil (March 31, 2022 Rs. Nil)

17. Earnings Per Share

In accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on Earnings per Share issued by the ICAI, the basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated as under:

	8	(Rs. in '000)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
(i) Basic			
Profit after tax for the year	1,027.29	1,256.67	
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares	50,000	50,000	
Basic Earnings Per Share	20.55	25.13	
(ii) Diluted			
Dilutive Potential equity shares	Nil	Nil	
Diluted earnings per share	20.55	25.13	

18. Related Party Disclosures

Related Party Disclosures as per AS-18 are enclosed as under:

List of Related Parties:

Holding Company - Union Bank of India Fellow Subsidiary - Union Asset Management Company Private Limited Mutual Fund managed by the Company - Union Mutual Fund

Transaction with Related Parties:

(Rs. in '000) Name of the Nature of transaction Year ended Year ended **Related Party** March 31, March 31, 2022 2023 Union Bank of India* Current Account Balance 2,714.38 1,259.26 Union Asset Rent, Admin, Secretarial and Other 782.15 679.51 Management Expenses Reimbursement Company Private Rent, Admin, Secretarial and Other NIL NIL Limited Expenses Reimbursement Payable Union Mutual Fund Trusteeship Fee Income for the year 5,000.00 5,000.00 Trusteeship Fees Receivable at the year 450.01 450.01 end

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^{*}The above table excludes normal banking transactions carried out with the Holding Company Union Bank of India.

19. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. There are no dues owing by the Company to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises at the year end.

Ageing of Trade Payables

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	Outstanding as on 31st March 2023							
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	more than 3 year	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
(ii) Others	75.15	-	-	-	-		75.15	
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-		-	- 75.15	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-			-	-	
Total	75.15	-	-		-	-	75.15	

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars		Outstanding as on 31st March 2022								
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1 -2 year	2 -3 year	more than 3 year	Total			
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
(ii) Others	73.35	-	-	-	-	_	73.35			
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	, -	-	-	-				
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	· , -	-	-	-	- <u>-</u>	-			
Total	73.35		-	-	-	-	73.35			

20. Financial Ratios as required to be disclosed under schedule three of the Companies Act are given below:

Sr. No.	Financial Ratios	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance (%)	Reason for more than 25% Variance in the Ratios
1	Current ratio - Current assets / Current liabilities	11.06	9.92	11%	





C.	Pinana (I Pari			T	
Sr. No		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance (%)	Reason for more than 25% Variance in the Ratios
2	*Debt Equity ratio - Total Debt / Shareholders Equity	NA	NA	NA	
3	Debt service coverage ratio - Earning available for debt service/ Debt Service	NA	NA	NA	
4	Return on Equity ratio - Earnings attributable to equity shareholders / Average shareholders' equity	0.45	1.09	-59%	Lower Profit after tax in current Financial Year
5	Inventory Turnover ratio - Annual Turnover / Average Inventory held	NA	NA	NA	
6	Trade receivables Turnover ratio - Annual Credit Sales / Average Trade Receivables	11.11	15.77	-30%	Changes in Average Trade Receivable as compare to previous years
7	Trade Payables Turnover ratio - Annual Credit Purchases / Average Trade payables	NA	NA	NA	
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio - Annual Sales /Average Working Capital	2.01	3.70	-46%	Higher Working Capital in current Financial Year
9	Net Profit Ratio - PAT / Sales	0.21	0.25	-18%	





Sr. No.	Financial Ratios	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance (%)	Reason for more than 25% Variance in the Ratios
10	Return on Capital Employed - EBIT / Capital Employed	0.49	0.85	-42%	Lower EBIT in current Financial Year
11	Return on Investment - Investment Income / Average Investment	NA	NA	NA	

^{*} Trustee Money Payable disclosed under the head non-current liability is not considered for calculation of ratio.

21. Trade Receivable ageing schedule

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	Outstanding as on 31st March 2023					000)		
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 -2 year	2 -3 year	more than 3 year	Total
Undisputed Trade								
Receivables –		-	450.01		-	_	_	450.01
considered good								150.01
Undisputed Trade								
Receivables -	_	-	=	_	_	_	_	_
considered doubtful								2
Disputed Trade								
Receivables –	-		_	_	_	_	_	_ 1
considered good	45							
Disputed Trade								
Receivables -		-	-	_	_	_	_	~
considered doubtful								
Total	-		450.01		-	-	-	450.01

Particulars	1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************				(Rs.	in ՝ 000)
	Outstanding as on 31st March 2022							
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 -2 year	2 -3 year	more than 3 year	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good		-	450.01	-	-	-	_	450.01
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Total	-	-	450.01	-	-	-	-	450.01





22. Segment Reporting

As per the Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting, the Company's primary business segment is to act as a Trustee Company for the various Funds to be launched by Union Mutual Fund. As the Company has a single primary business segment, the disclosure requirements of this standard are not applicable. The company's operations being confined to India only, there is no reportable secondary geographical segment.

23. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/ rearranged wherever necessary to conform to current year's classification.

For Ashra & Company Chartered Accountants

Neel J. Ashoa

FRN: 100700W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Union Trustee Company Private Limited

CA Neeta J. Ashra

Partner

M.No.: 103119

K. Madhava Kumar

Director

DIN:00791168

M. Pushpangadan

Director

DIN:01657572

Dhara Thakar

Company Secretary

ACS 63354

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 25, 2023

G. Pradeepkumar

Rajkamal Tiwari



